

WALTER ROSS

VARIATIONS

ON

‘AUPRES DE MA BLONDE’

Oboe, Oboe d’amore (Cor anglais) and Bass Oboe (Bassoon)



AMORIS INTERNATIONAL

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AI EN 004

Walter Ross

(1936-)

Walter Ross was born in Lincoln, Nebraska, USA, in 1936. He began to study the French horn at the age of twelve and, by seventeen, was performing professionally with the Lincoln Symphony Orchestra.

Although spending four years at the University of Nebraska studying mechanical engineering and astronomy, he continued playing with the orchestra. Ross decided to return to university to study music. After his master's degree, he went on to Cornell University for his doctorate. There, he was awarded an Organization of American States Fellowship to study composition privately under Alberto Ginastera at the Instituto Torcuato de Tella (Buenos Aires). He has been the recipient of significant grants and fellowships, numerous awards and prizes.

Ross began teaching composition and theory in the Music Department at the University of Virginia in 1967. He established the Charlottesville University and Community Orchestra, which he conducted for two years. Later, he formed a Baroque trio sonata ensemble in which he played flute and recorder.

During his tenure at the University of Virginia he served as Chairman of the Department of Music and was awarded a University Outstanding Teaching Award. He participated in regional, national, and international juries of composition and performance.

Walter Ross has composed over 150 works, which have been widely performed in over forty countries. Many of his compositions have been published, recorded and broadcast. He is, perhaps, best known for his compositions featuring brass and woodwinds. The influences of his own extensive performance background and diverse musical training (with composers who stressed bright orchestration and rhythmic excitement) can be detected in many of his works. Many of his recent pieces are representative of his current interest in neo-modal, pan-diatonic composition.

He has been a visiting composer at the Aspen Music Festival, a featured composer at several universities and forums, and a board member of the Capital Composers Alliance.

In 1997 he wrote a cantata featuring the poetry of Rita Dove, the American Poet Laureate. Recent choral works include 'Lux Aeterna' to honour the victims of 9/11, which has been performed upon a number of occasions.

Retired from full time teaching, Walter Ross currently performs on double bass in the Blue Ridge Chamber Orchestra. In addition to composing, he continues his interest in chess (in 1969 he won a trophy in the U.S. Open Chess Tournament), astronomy, and the History of Science.

Variations

on

'Auprès de ma blonde'

Oboe, Oboe d'amore (Cor anglais), and Bass Oboe (Bassoon)

A EN 004

This work, composed in 1997 and dedicated to Jennifer Paull, is a set of seven frolicking variations based upon the joyous version of the well-known French *chanson* of the same name. There is much comical imitation between the three instruments. Their lines are woven into a rich texture of oboe family *timbres*.

There existed two versions of the original song: the above (meaning 'Next to My Sweetheart') and a somewhat less amusing '*Le Prisonnier de Hollande*' ('The Prisoner of Holland'). Both became extremely popular towards the end of the XVIIIth century. They made their way into widespread custom at the conclusion of (or shortly after) the Franco-Dutch War, which took place during the early reign of Louis XIV. French soldiers, sailors and hostages were frequently held prisoner in the Netherlands; hence the alternative words and title. The composition is widely attributed to André Joubert without any formal proof, however. The music has evolved over centuries of repetition into the style we know today.

The lively tempo and melody made it eminently suitable for military marches for which it is still employed. '*Auprès de ma blonde*' gained widespread regard as both a nursery rhyme and drinking song shedding its more disconsolate variation along its well-sung swagger through time. It even made an apparition in two episodes of 'Star Trek: The Next Generation'!

Walter Ross
1997



Works by Walter Ross published by Amoris International.

Autumn Pastoral	A SI 012
Portraits from <i>La Commedia dell'Arte</i>	
I <i>Punchinello's Scherzino</i>	A SI 016
II <i>Trio di fantasia</i>	A CM 004
Concerto for Oboe d'amore - Keyboard Reduction	A SI 022
Old Joe Clark's Musical Offering	A CM 006
Concerto for Oboe d'amore and String Orchestra	A OR 004

VARIATIONS ON 'AUPRES DE MA BLONDE'

Walter Ross
(1936 -)

Allegramente ♩ = 108

1

Oboe

Oboe d'Amore
(Cor anglais)

Bass Oboe
(Bassoon)

mf

mf

mf

8

16

VARIATION I

23

30

37

44

50

f *mf* *mp* *poco rit.*

f *mp* *poco rit.*

f *mf* *mp* *mf poco rit.*

VARIATION II

♩. = 96

56

mf *mf* *f*

62

mf *mf* *f*

mf *f*

68

mf *mf* *mf*

74

79

♩. = 90 VARIATION III

85

91

97

103

109

113

$\text{♩} = 96$ VARIATION IV

119



Three staves of music in G major (one sharp). The top staff features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. The middle staff provides harmonic support with chords and some melodic fragments. The bottom staff continues the harmonic and melodic development. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

125



Three staves of music in G major. The melodic line in the top staff continues with various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes. The middle and bottom staves provide accompaniment with chords and moving lines. The key signature remains one sharp (F#).

133



Three staves of music in G major. The top staff has a melodic line that includes a *mf* (mezzo-forte) dynamic marking. The middle and bottom staves provide accompaniment. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

139



Three staves of music in G major. The top staff features a melodic line with a *mf* dynamic marking. The middle and bottom staves provide accompaniment. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

Tempo 1° ♩ = 108

145

f *sub. p* *f*

f *p* *f*

f *sub. p* *f*

più mosso ♩ = 120

150

mf

mf

mf

VARIATION V

154

158

163

169

mf

174

rit. poco a poco

mf

179

$\text{♩} = 72$

mp

mf

p

mf

p

mf

VARIATION VI

185

mp *mf* *mp* *mf*

mp *mf* *mp* *mf*

mf

193

200

207

accel.

accel.

accel.

$\text{♩} = \text{♩}$ *Tempo 1^o* $\text{♩} = 108$

VARIATION VII

213

mf

mf

219

mf

225

mf

231

mf

237

Three staves of music in treble clef, key of D major. The first staff has a *mp* dynamic marking. The second staff has a *mp* dynamic marking. The third staff has a *mp* dynamic marking. The music features eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing slurs and ties. The dynamics change to *mf* in the third measure of each staff.

242

Three staves of music in treble clef, key of D major. The first staff has a *f* dynamic marking. The second staff has a *f* dynamic marking. The third staff has a *f* dynamic marking. The music features eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing slurs and ties. The dynamics are consistently *f* throughout the section.

248

Three staves of music in treble clef, key of D major. The first staff has a *ff* dynamic marking. The second staff has a *ff* dynamic marking. The third staff has a *ff* dynamic marking. The music features eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing slurs and ties. The dynamics are consistently *ff* throughout the section.

Oboe

VARIATIONS ON 'AUPRES DE MA BLONDE'

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Allegramente ♩. = 108



VARIATION I



61 *mf* *f*

68 *mf*

74

79 *mf* *mp* *poco rit.* *mp*

♩. = 90 VARIATION III

84

90

96

102 *p* *mf* *poco accel.*

♩. = 96 VARIATION IV

112 *mf*

118



VARIATION V



VARIATION VI



191

197

204

Tempo 1^o ♩. = 108

accel. -----

212

VARIATION VII

216

mf

222

228

236

mp *mf* *f*

242

247

ff

Oboe d'amore

VARIATIONS ON 'AUPRES DE MA BLONDE'

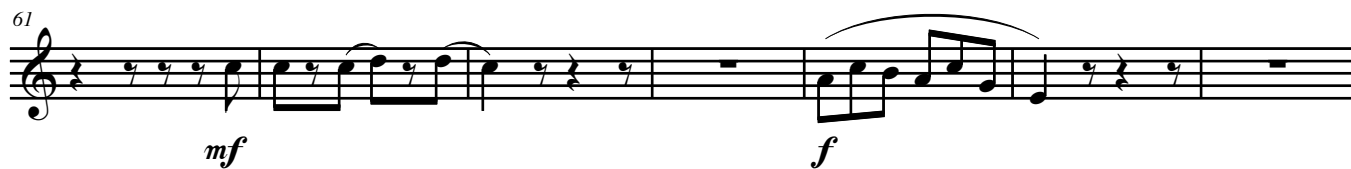
Walter Ross
(1936 -)

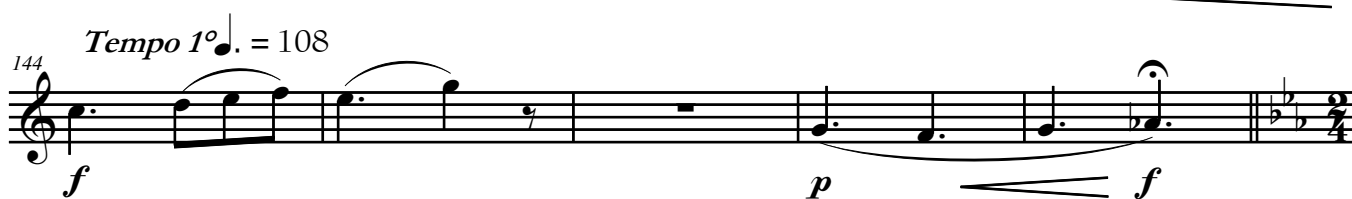
Allegramente ♩. = 108



VARIATION I



$\text{♩} = 96$ VARIATION II $\text{♩} = 90$ VARIATION III $\text{♩} = 96$ VARIATION IV

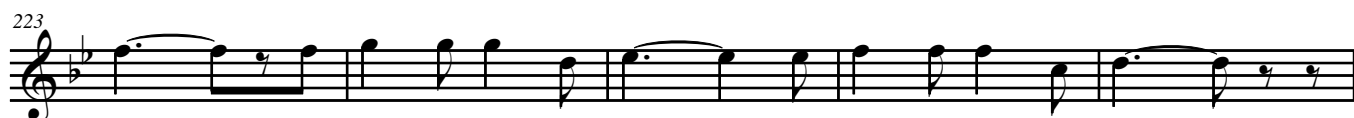


VARIATION VI



Tempo 1^o ♩. = 108

VARIATION VII

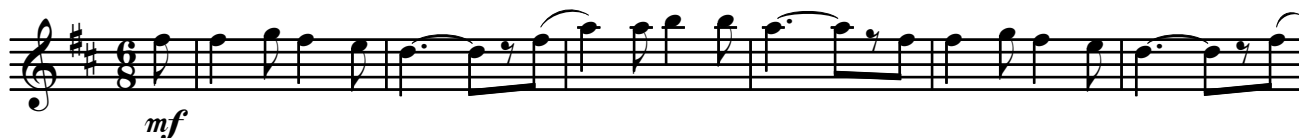


Cor anglais

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Allegramente ♩. = 108



VARIATION I



♩. = 96 VARIATION II



♩. = 90 VARIATION III



♩. = 96 VARIATION IV





Tempo 1° ♩ = 108



più mosso ♩ = 120

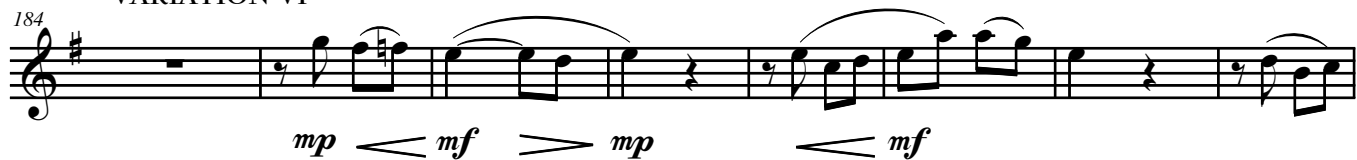
VARIAZIONE V



♩ = 72



VARIATION VI



VARIATION VII



Bass Oboe

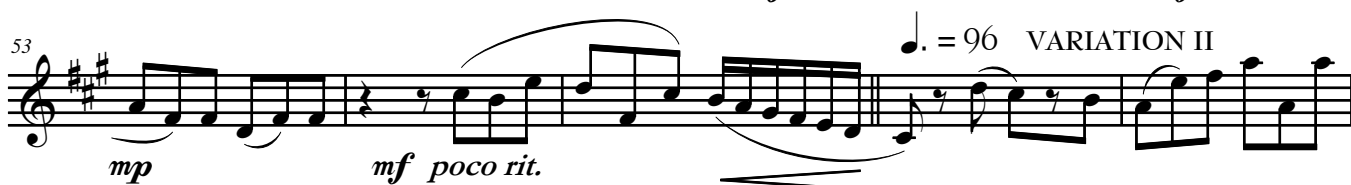
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Allegramente ♩. = 108




VARIATION I




58 


64 

71 

77 
mf mp mp poco rit.

84 
♩. = 90 VARIATION III

93 

100 
p

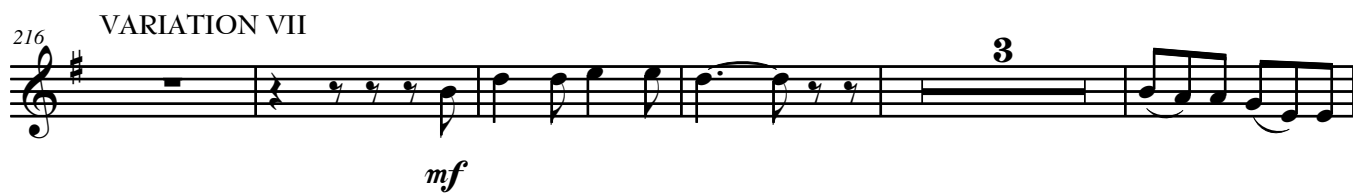
106 
mf poco accel.

112 
p mf

119 



Tempo 1^o ♩. = 108



Bassoon

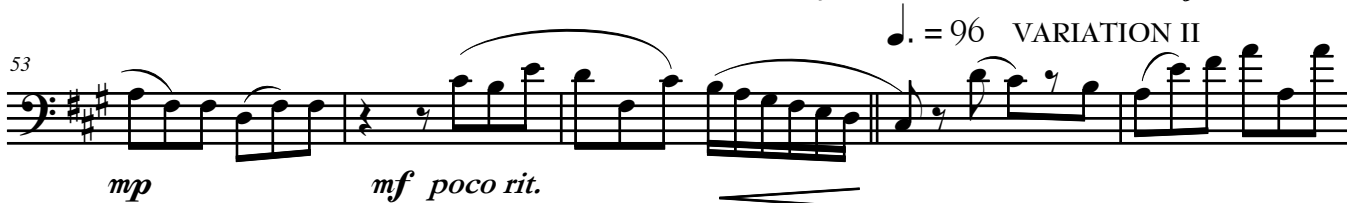
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Allegramente ♩. = 108



VARIATION I



58

f *mf*

64

f *mf*

71

77

mf *mp* *mp* *poco rit.*

84 $\text{♩} = 90$ VARIATION III

93

100

p

106

mf *poco accel.*

$\text{♩} = 96$ VARIATION IV

112

p *mf*

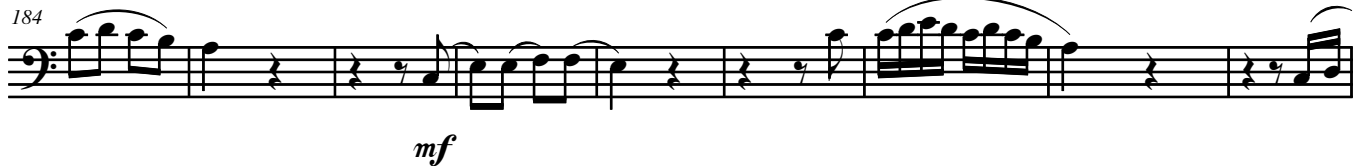
119



VARIATION V



VARIATION VI



Tempo 1^o ♩. = 108

212



VARIATION VII

216

*mf*

224



231

*mf*

236

*mp**mf*

241

*f*

246

